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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
2	EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
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4	ROSIE MARTINEZ,	: :
5	Plaintiff,	: 16-CV-00079 (AMD) :
6	v.	: :
7	CITY OF NEW YORK, et al.,	: 225 Cadman Plaza East : Brooklyn, New York
8	Defendants.	: January 3, 2018
9	TRANSCRIPT OF CIVIL CAUSE FOR SHOW CAUSE HEARING BEFORE THE HONORABLE CHERYL L. POLLAK UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE	
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12	APPEARANCES:	
13	For the Plaintiff: BA	REE N. FETT, ESQ. BRIEL PAUL HARVIS, ESQ.
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15		w York, New York 10007
16		
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	Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by transcription service	

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    (Proceedings began at 2:32 p.m.)
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              THE CLERK: All rise. This is Case No. 16-CV-79,
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    Martinez v. City of New York, Civil Cause for Show Cause
   Hearing.
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              Counsel, please state your appearances for the
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    record.
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              MS. FETT: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Baree Fett
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    for plaintiff Rosie Martinez.
              THE COURT: Good afternoon.
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              MR. HARVIS: Gabriel Harvis also for the plaintiff.
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    Good afternoon, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Good afternoon.
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              MR. THADANI: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Kavin
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    Thadani, Office of the Corporation Counsel on behalf of
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    defendant City of New York for Jason Weitzman.
              MS. O'FLYNN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Mary
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    O'Flynn also from Corporation Counsel on behalf of defendants.
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              THE COURT: All right.
              MR. JOHNSON: Paul Johnson also on behalf of
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    defendants.
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              THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon, everyone.
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    You may be seated. So we're here because again there's been
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    an application before this court for sanctions, and I feel
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    like we were just here maybe less than a month ago. I have
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    reviewed all the papers. I quess I will defer to plaintiff's
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counsel if you would like to go first and explain on the record what the situation is from your perspective and then I'll hear from defendants' counsel.

MS. FETT: Thank you, Your Honor. This is Baree

Fett for plaintiff. You know, looking back over the record of this litigation, we see that at the time plaintiff filed her complaint in January of 2016 there were already three separate NYPD investigations and one CCRB investigation that was underway.

These investigations were being conducted by municipal agents and what appears to be a large portion of the leadership team at the 107th Precinct. That includes Captain Valergo, Captain Hanrahan, Lieutenants Cammy and Robinton and Sergeant DiGenero, the intelligence officer.

another with the disputed events here. We found out last month that multiple GO15s were conducted. There were multiple substantiated findings. There were over 1,000 pages of investigative documents generated, and they were all about the disputed events here. And during the course of this litigation over the last two years, we have heard from defense counsel repeatedly in our attempts to find out the identity of the officers and to locate documents and to find out what happened to Ms. Martinez, we were told -- and it -- and it was represented to the Court that defendants were investigating

the matter, that they had spent hundreds of hours investigating the matter. In fact, in defendants' October 8th, 2017, letter they represented: "Supervisors in this department have also spent dozens of hours assisting the undersigned in locating documents, have kept close tabs on the case to make sure that every discovery demand in this matter is answered promptly. Paralegals from this office, record keepers at the New York City Department of Corrections, police officers from the 107th Precinct, and the New York City Police Department's Civil Litigation Unit all were spending hundreds of hours to make sure that they were being responsive to the demands in this case."

And what we would want to know and what we would want to ask the Court is what was really going on when they were representing that they were looking for answers in this case, that they were looking for documents, that they were attempting to identify officers? What was really being done during those hundreds of hours?

And what we think is defendants' latest response in their answer to our latest sanction motion, it's very telling because they -- I don't believe the defendants and the City of New York thinks they've done anything wrong. I think they believe that it's the plaintiff's fault. And we believe that is why a stronger sanction is necessary here because if the City can't learn from this case how to conduct discovery and

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5 how to satisfy its obligations, then I can't imagine that they would learn that in any case. We believe that a pass in this case will give the impression that it's okay and it's tolerated by the courts. The next time someone sues the City, it needs to know that an investigation, besides running the name of an officer through the system, is not enough. As Judge Weinstein discussed in <u>De Casa</u> [Ph.], most civil rights plaintiffs like Ms. Martinez, they don't have the identity of their assailants. They don't know who the people are that violated their rights. The accessed information is uneven in this case. It is defendants that have the information. The plaintiffs do not. But in our case, plaintiffs were repeatedly attempting, through drips and drabs of information, to try to get that information. defendants have an affirmative obligation not just to its clients but to the citizen of this city to do an investigation. The defendants here were met with a litany of orders from this course -- from this Court forgive me, along with multiple document requests, interrogatories, and demands from plaintiff. An example of the defendants' failure in this case is in their discovery responses. In May of 2016 -- and I believe -- well, all the investigations were ongoing at that point, and I think some of them were concluded at that point. Defendants responded to Document Request No. 4: "Produce the

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6 complete files, including transcripts, audio recordings, exhibits, and enclosures of each investigation conducted by any governmental body, i.e., CCRB, IAB, et cetera." And their response was [inaudible] objections. Upon information and belief, defendant states that no such documents exist but they're continuing to search. That was May 2016. Then we have another round of responses in January 2017, and their response to that same exact document request was the same "No such documents exist. We're continuing exact response. to search." It's unclear, Your Honor, how this can be fixed at this point. We're not in a position to start the case over. We're about 19 days away from the statute of limitations. And we believe the prejudice to plaintiff, a woman who alleges, credibly alleges, she was abused by male officers inside the 107th Precinct has been severely prejudiced. We have taken 11 depositions without key information and documents, and the investigations that were disclosed in December, that's not even the full complement of documents. It's also the documents that we've been litigating before Your Honor for two years now. It's buy reports produced after a deposition. It's half of a disciplinary file produced after a deposition. It's half of a scheduling and assignment information about Defendant Weitzman produced after his deposition. It's not having access to Captain Hanrahan

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    who conducted one of the depositions who has since passed
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    away. It's needless delay. It's an enormous amount of fees
                It's the fact that memories have faded.
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   Defendants have admitted that some of the witnesses that
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    they've since disclosed don't have a memory of the incident.
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    Even plaintiff's expert was not able to examine her in the
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    context of the injury that defendant was describing, and now
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    he can be opened up to cross-examination as can plaintiff.
              The defendants on the other hand will have an
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    opportunity to present an expert. They have the full story in
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    front of them, and it's just simply unfair to plaintiff. And
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    we're not sure at this point how that can be solved.
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    you, Your Honor.
              MR. THADANI: Kavin Thadani on behalf of defendants.
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    First of all, Your Honor, the City and defendants take their
    discovery obligation extremely seriously. It's our contention
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    that we have complied with the orders of the Court and with
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    our duties in terms of discovery as best as we can.
              THE COURT: Really? Are you kidding me? You're
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    going to start with that? Why have I had to issue so many
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    orders in this case?
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              MS. O'FLYNN: Your Honor, if I may, it appears that
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    there's been a moving target in this case since the beginning.
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              THE COURT: Yeah.
                                 It -- the moving target, Ms.
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    O'Flynn, is the fact that despite efforts on the part of this
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Court to obtain what is clearly, clearly relevant information, 1 2 relevant documentation, there has been delay and delay and obfuscation. And here we are, as Ms. Fett noted, on the eve 3 of the statute of limitations finding out now that there's an 4 investigation that was never -- and I'm holding up a folder of 5 almost two inches' worth of pages that were never disclosed 6 7 before. So please do not insult the intelligence of this 8 Court by going immediately to defendants have complied with all of their discovery obligations. Ms. O'Flynn, you were not 9 10 here last time when I held an order to show cause why the City 11 should not be held in contempt and that was even before --12 before -- the December revelations of an investigation --13 actually, three investigations that had never been disclosed before. 14 15 So I would ask you to take a breath and go back and start over again and explain to me why -- why -- in all the 16 17 20-some years that I have been sitting in this court I have 18 never seen -- never seen -- such a dereliction of duty on the part of corporation counsel. So take a minute and regroup 19 20 before you go down that road. 21 MR. THADANI: Your Honor, if I may just with --22 again, the disclosures on December 18th, 2017, were 23 respectfully with respect to the IAB investigations. As we've 24 described in our letter, we did not learn about that 25 information until Officer -- the arresting officer in the

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case, Eric Ryan [Ph.] was -- plaintiff's counsel indicated
that they wanted to depose that officer. In preparing for
that deposition I had a conversation with him. He'd indicated
to me that he spoke with IAB in terms of an underlying
investigation. That was the first --
          THE COURT: Well, I understand --
          MR. THADANI: -- that we have heard --
          THE COURT:
                     I understand that you're new to this
case, that you have been recently assigned, perhaps in
response to this Court's suggestion. But I have no way to
understand why the arresting officer was not at least
interviewed -- interviewed -- by your officer before this
last-minute deposition request. I mean why was this IAB
investigation never uncovered? Or frankly, what the other
inference is is that there has been a blatant coverup here,
whether on behalf of the Corporation Counsel's Office or the
New York City Police Department. One way or the other that's
the other inference. The innocent inference is incompetence,
but the other inference is that there has been a blatant
attempt to prejudice the plaintiff here by failing to disclose
this.
          Now I understand your claim is that you have no way
to search your files by the plaintiff's last name because she
didn't make the complaint. But really? Then isn't that on
you to come up with a better system?
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MS. O'FLYNN: Well, Your Honor, if I may, with respect to why the arresting officer was not brought in and questioned in more detail, I think the nature of this case is such that from the beginning we were informed it was not the arresting officer involved. I think that's pretty clear that plaintiff never alleged that the arresting officer was involved. It was these unknown officers. In a perfect world, that would have been a good course of action to interview that officer early on, but from the beginning of this case we've been trying to uncover information just as much as plaintiffs have been about who these unidentified officers might be. The reason why the records could not be searched is that that investigation was tied to the arresting officer.

I do not dispute that that system is not ideal. There have been improvements made since, you know, the incident date. I think PD is always trying to improve the way we can search for files. Unfortunately, this investigation was tied to the arresting officer who had been put to the side because we were dedicating time and resources trying to locate photos of anybody at the precinct, trying to match a description which as the Court might remember was rather general, a white male between 30 and 50, salt-and-pepper hair, a male, white, in his 30s from the 107. I understand a lot of time in the beginning of this case was dedicated to trying to provide photos. There were disputes over the photos. There

11 1 were disputes about whether they should be labeled or 2 unlabeled. But I assure the Court our office does take these 3 obligations very seriously. And to the extent that anybody 4 was in a position to know about a potential IAB, as we noted in our letter plaintiff spoke to IAB. Plaintiff did not 5 inform any of us in any of the discovery responses, in any of 6 7 her sworn testimony that she had had a conversation with an investigator. To the extent plaintiff thinks we're trying to 8 blame out that's not what we're trying to do. We're trying to 9 10 set the record in terms of what the chronology in this case 11 was. 12 THE COURT: You had multiple officers in the 107th 13 Precinct aware of this IAB investigation, a captain and a 14 lieutenant. So don't tell me it's the plaintiff's fault that

Precinct aware of this IAB investigation, a captain and a lieutenant. So don't tell me it's the plaintiff's fault that she didn't tell you she was -- she was spoken to by IAB. And my understanding is that what they investigated or spoke to her about wasn't even this issue. It was something separate that happened to her allegedly during the course of this arrest.

Am I wrong about that?

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MS. FETT: No, that's correct, Your Honor. To respond, first of all, Eric Ryan was -- that's the arresting officer, was initially identified I believe in defendants' initial disclosures in response to Your Honor's Valentin order. We would have assumed that in offering his name they

would have done an interview of him, and they would have gotten the information that I believe the most recent assistant corporation counsel got in his first interview from Mr. Ryan. That should have been done two years ago when the name was first provided. That's the first -- and when Hanrahan was still alive. That's the -- that's the first point.

The second point is plaintiff specifically -- and I think Your Honor might have heard in the audiotapes -- she believed that she was simply making a statement about her missing property, and she specifically declined to discuss her -- the abuse because of this litigation. Now to call the subjects of plaintiff's abuse moving targets, she specifically in her 50-h in December of 2015 in her deposition in response to interrogatory requests she did the best she could to identify the -- these officers. But it is corporation counsel who has access to their officers, to their precinct, to their databases. It's on them. They have the affirmative duty as the attorneys for the City to do a thorough and competent investigation.

MR. THADANI: Your Honor, again, as my colleague had already -- has already referenced, the focus wasn't on the arresting officer. There was no claim that the officers that allegedly assaulted the plaintiff at the precinct was the arresting officer, was any officer involved in the

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    investigation leading up to the plaintiff's arrest.
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              THE COURT: But counsel --
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              MR. THADANI: Was an officer that --
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              THE COURT: -- any reasonable attorney with any
    degree of intelligence would know that if there's a question
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    as to who the officers were who were in the precinct at the
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    time the arresting officer arrived and brought the plaintiff
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    in, one obvious person to interview would be the arresting
    officer. The fact that he wasn't even spoken to until two
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    years into the investigation is astonishing.
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              MS. O'FLYNN: Your Honor, he was spoken to.
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    spoken to with respect to confirming that he was the arresting
    officer and that information. But with respect to a more
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    detailed interview that would engage what kind of
    investigations -- the topic came up not with respect to an
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    investigation into this because we didn't think there was one.
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    The topic came up because he was being deposed and then this
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    came to light.
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              MR. THADANI: And again, Your Honor --
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              THE COURT: It's just getting -- it's getting worse
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    and worse every time you say something. I -- how could you
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    conduct an investigation or even an interview in which you
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    don't talk to the officer about has anybody else spoken to you
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    about this, have you been interviewed, was that was an IAB
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    investigation? I mean I just don't understand --
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MR. THADANI: I just -- one statement. Sergeant Forgione -- or Sergeant DiGenero DiGeneroPh.] was the lead investigator in this case. He gave the college grind because he was in the 107th Precinct. Sergeant DiGenero's the one who led the entire investigation who was the one who had all the information about leading to the arrest, leading to the search warrant. It was represented to us that Mr. Ryan's role in this was minimal. And again, Your Honor, our focus early on in the case was identifying individuals that matched the description provided by plaintiff which was not the arresting officer.

THE COURT: Oh, look, I know what the focus was. I had to issue I don't know how many orders in an effort to try to get you to identify the officers. So I don't need to be reminded of that. But I still -- I go back to the fact that I don't understand why there weren't multiple people interviewed in the 107th Precinct in an effort to identify these officers and you would have not discovered that there was an -- three separate investigations being conducted? I just -- I don't understand how that happens.

MR. THADANI: And again, Your Honor, with respect to the two separate investigations, one involves missing property. It's not the subject of plaintiff's claims in this action. Plaintiff's claims in this action involve an alleged use of excessive force at the 107 Precinct. It has nothing to

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    do with the execution of the search warrant, any alleged
   missing property during the search warrant. The evidence
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    discrepancy also has nothing to do with plaintiff's claims,
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    does not even --
              THE COURT: And yet you're using it --
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              MR. THADANI: -- involve the defendants in this
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    case.
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              THE COURT: -- to blame the plaintiff for not
    disclosing the existence of the IAB investigation.
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              MR. THADANI: Your Honor, we were not trying to
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    blame the plaintiff.
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              THE COURT: You can't have it both ways.
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              MR. THADANI: We were just -- again we were
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    apprising the Court as to the chronology of events and what
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    occurred in this litigation. The fact remains that plaintiff
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    in their discovery responses, despite the fact that she had
    been interviewed by IAB and despite the fact that she received
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    a letter about her complaint and received a letter explaining
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    that the complaint was unsubstantiated did not disclose --
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    specifically disclosed in her discovery responses that there
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    was no complaints made to any governmental body with respect
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    to anything to do with this incident.
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              THE COURT: What complaint did she make to a
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    governmental body? Where is it?
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              MR. THADANI: She made a complaint to IAB with
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16 respect to alleged missing property during the execution of 1 2 the search warrant. THE COURT: Well, what does that have to do -- you 3 just said that has nothing to do whatsoever to the issue in 4 this case. So why is it relevant? 5 MR. THADANI: Your Honor, it's relevant to the 6 7 extent that plaintiff's counsel raised it in their letter as 8 documents that they believe were untimely disclosed. The crux of the matter is the investigation concerning a prisoner 10 injured in custody. And again, as we already explained, we weren't able to retrieve that information by searching the 11 12 plaintiff's name. Officer Ryan wasn't spoken to in the detail 13 of -- in much detail prior to just recently because he wasn't 14 noticed for a deposition despite the fact that he was listed 15 as an -- in our initial disclosures early on in the case because again the focus was on these two other defendants, one 16 17 of whom there is ample evidence in the record to suggest wasn't even at the 107 Precinct at the time plaintiff alleges 18 19 this occurred and the other officer was a desk officer who had 20 no involvement in the investigation that led to the search 21 warrant execution and no involvement in the arrest. 22 THE COURT: But again --23 MR. THADANI: And --24 THE COURT: -- you're blaming the plaintiff for her 25 inability to identify officers when clearly the NYPD is in a 26 much better position to know who was involved in the precinct

17 1 at the time. And again I --2 MR. THADANI: Your Honor, we're not -- we're not blaming plaintiff. Again, the -- there was a photo --3 photographs were produced early on in this litigation in which 4 plaintiff identified to individuals as the defendants in the 5 case. As plaintiff's counsel states in their letter, she has 6 a vivid recollection of the events, and she's certain that 7 these are the two defendants that assaulted her at the 8 precinct. Discovery, for the most part, has revolved around 10 identifying those officers, deposing those officers, and placing those officers at the 107th Precinct or not. With 11 12 respect to this particular IAB investigative file that was 13 produced, this internal investigation concerning the fact that 14 it corroborates, one, information that plaintiff knew about 15 early on in this case, it was part of defendant's initial 16 disclosures to produce plaintiff's medical records. 17 plaintiff's medical records disclosed that an officer at the hospital told the medical staff that the plaintiff was 18 19 observed kicking and punching a wall at the precinct and that 20 was the source of her injury. 21 THE COURT: And then --22 MR. THADANI: So that was nothing new. That's been 23 known. 24 THE COURT: -- if my recollection serves me 25 plaintiffs have spent a lot of time trying to figure out who that person was unsuccessfully. And at the same time, the 26

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18 City's position was that the plaintiff was not injured in the precinct. So again, you know, you're turning it around on the plaintiff which you're saying well, the plaintiff knew. should have figured this out long ago. MR. THADANI: We're not -- we're not trying to turn it on the plaintiff. First of all --THE COURT: Do you see it this way, Ms. Fett, or is I -- maybe I'm misreading the defendants' response. MS. FETT: Your Honor, I couldn't -- I couldn't agree with you more. And in fact, I think defendants' response in their last letter was offensive. I think it was insulting to the plaintiff. I think it more than turned it around on her. I think defendants believe she's a liar. think they believe that she was not injured and the two officers that she identified were not in the precinct at the same time so this never happened. What they're ignoring is that they have an officer calling IAB, a lieutenant, Lieutenant Cammy, admitting that he put his hands on plaintiff that night. We found that out two weeks ago. You have DiGenero who they want to say knew everything about this investigation. We were never told that DiGenero was the subject of four investigations, three IAB and one CCRB, and he was actually substantiated. We just found that out a few weeks ago. It just -- this -- I just think that defendants are missing the points. I think that -- I think -- I assume what we should do now is figure out how the

19 plaintiff can move forward in litigating the case. 1 2 THE COURT: Well, I think that's right. I mean I quess what I would ask is what is it that you are suggesting 3 in terms of a sanction here? 4 5 MR. HARVIS: Sure, Your Honor. This is Gabriel Harvis for the plaintiff. So, you know, we think that in 6 7 order to deal with the issues of where we are in the case right now that it would be appropriate to equitably toll the 8 statute of limitations so that we're not under the 19-day time 10 limit in order to get this sorted out. And I also want to note that the focus on these two claims is really unfair 11 because we've only been able to focus on these two claims 12 13 because it's been so difficult to pull the information about 14 them from the defendants. 15 But in reality, what we've learned two weeks ago is that this is in fact a much bigger case. It involved 16 17 potentially a coverup, as Your Honor alluded to, and there are -- we have a number of other claims now based on this that we 18 19 want to explore and potentially add to the case. So we would 20 like leave or I suppose an adjustment of the Rule 16 21 scheduling deadline so that we have the opportunity to file an 22 -- and propose amended complaint. 23 We would also like the opportunity to have plaintiff 24 do a line up with the individuals that were involved in this,

both in the investigation and the search warrant, including

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    the investigators. And we propose that that happen at One
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    Police Plaza so that Ms. Martinez has a full and fair
    opportunity to see these people and determine who was
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    involved. That goes to resolving where we are in the
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    litigation.
              But then there's a question of how do we make sure
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    that something like this doesn't happen in the future. And I
    want to refer the Court to an order from Honorable Martin of
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    the Southern District. This was in 1998, and I think it was
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    at a relatively similar point in time. This is 1998 West Law
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    677583.
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              THE COURT:
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              MR. HARVIS: -583.
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              THE COURT: -- -583. Okay.
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              MR. HARVIS: And that was a situation where -- it's
    called James v. City of New York.
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              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
              MR. HARVIS: And that was a case where Judge Martin
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    determined that this -- the Law Department needed to
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    understand that only a severe sanction would let the
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    Department realize what kind of errors had been made. And so
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    in that case that case actually resulted in the creation of
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    the Special Federal Litigation Division, the reorganization of
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    the Law Department. And for a time when Ms. Fett and I were
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    there, I can say from personal experience discovery
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obligations felt like they were handed in a different way, and I think that that drew somewhat from Judge Martin's decision.

So what we think is an appropriate sanction here would be either a default judgment or striking of the answer and some sort of monetary award that either in part or in whole makes the plaintiff whole for the time and attorney energy that has been spent trying to extract this information from the defendants. So that would be our suggestion.

THE COURT: All right. Counsel.

MR. THADANI: First of all, Your Honor, again with respect to the request for a lineup, I struggle to, like, even understand what the -- what the function of that is. Again, the plaintiff was provided with photographs of all of the officers at the 107 Precinct during the time that she was in custody there including the individuals that were disclosed in this new information that has been provided in terms of Lieutenant Cammy, Captain Hanrahan, et cetera.

Those individuals' photographs were in the photographs produced to plaintiff. Plaintiff had an opportunity to review those documents, review those photographs. She identified the two defendants in the case and made no mention of any of the other individuals. She then mentioned Lieutenant Cammy and that Lieutenant Cammy had an interaction with her she had done so that may have led to an earlier finding of all of these documents that are now being

disputed right now. So first of all, with respect to a lineup, they've already had the opportunity to review photographs of the officers and identify the officers who she alleges were involved in terms of the allegations she's making in the complaint.

In terms of the sanctions that they're seeking in terms of monetary awards and default judgment, Your Honor, again, the plaintiff hasn't shown any prejudice in the case. And what I mean by that is the documents that are being produced, the documents concerning the fact that Ms. Martinez was injured and self-inflicted her injuries relates to our defenses in the case. It does not relate to the plaintiff's claim that she was assaulted by two other completely different officers at the precinct. These documents just corroborate information the plaintiff has already had the entire course of this litigation. It was not our contention that the plaintiff was not injured at the precinct. Our contention was that the defendant officers and no member of service caused the injuries to the plaintiff. We have evidence --

THE COURT: So your position is that the fact that they may have spent thousands of dollars on depositions without relevant documentation is not prejudiced? If that's the case is it the City's position, corporation counsel's position, that there's never a need to disclose information that is helpful to your defense because who cares? It doesn't

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    support their case.
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              MR. THADANI: Your Honor, that is not our position.
    But at the time that the --
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              THE COURT: Well, that seems to be the argument --
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              MR. THADANI: During --
              THE COURT: -- that you're making at this moment.
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              MR. THADANI: During the course of this entire
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    discovery period that plaintiff's counsel was aware that one
    of our defenses was that the plaintiff self-inflicted her
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    injuries. The only difference now is that Lieutenant Cammy
    has been identified as someone who observed that actually
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    happening. Certainly the plaintiff is more than free to
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    depose Lieutenant Cammy, and that's on -- and Officer Ryan, in
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    fact, and Officer Ryan actually was already noticed and
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    scheduled for a deposition prior to this conference which was
    canceled before it was scheduled to take place. With respect
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    to the fact that --
              THE COURT: And you don't think --
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              MR. THADANI: -- certain information was not --
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              THE COURT: And you -- and you don't think that all
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    the time and energy that plaintiff's counsel spent following
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    up on was it Lieutenant Weitzman?
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              MS. FETT: Yes, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Who we ultimately discovered after much
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    travail wasn't even there. That that time and money is not
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   prejudicial to the plaintiff?
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              MR. THADANI: Wait, Your Honor, it's our
   understanding that plaintiff continues to insist that
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    Lieutenant Weitzman was at the precinct and was one of the
    officers that assaulted the plaintiff regardless of the fact
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    that there's documentation suggesting he's no -- he wasn't at
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    the precinct at the time. The plaintiff had photographs of
    all of the officers at the 107 Precinct including all of the
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    officers disclosed in the documents that were recently
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    produced. The plaintiff had an opportunity to review those
    photographs and identify to the defendants -- identify to the
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    City who the two individual officers she was alleging
    assaulted her were. They did that. They identified Forgione.
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    They identified Weitzman. They've been named as defendants in
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    the case. They did not identify any other officers.
    didn't tell the City well, Lieutenant Cammy observed me
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    punching the wall or I was questioned about whether or not any
    member of service had any wrongdoing or whether Lieutenant
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    Cammy put hands on me at the precinct. Nothing like that was
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    disclosed by the plaintiff.
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              THE COURT: Well, maybe because it didn't happen.
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              MR. THADANI: But it's our contention that it did
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    happen and their contention --
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              THE COURT:
                          I understand that, but, you know --
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              MR. THADANI: And --
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pursued that we pursued.

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THE COURT: -- we're in -- what almost two years into this litigation and now you're turning up a key witness -- a key witness -- who's going to say that he saw the plaintiff punching the wall. You don't think this is something that they would have wanted to know at the very beginning of the case? How can you argue to me really with a straight face -- honestly how can you argue with a straight face that that's not prejudicial? MR. THADANI: Your Honor, it's information we would have liked to have had too. It supports our central defense in the case that the plaintiff's injuries were a result of her self-inflicting injuries. We had this medical record. Early on in the case plaintiff acknowledges in their motion for sanctions that it indicated that an officer observed the plaintiff self-inflicting her injuries, punching and kicking at a wall. We both -- both parties have been trying to discover more information about that. We've had to discover the identity of escort officers and officers who relieved escort officers and sergeants who came to the hospital to see that the escort officers were there and officers who transported the plaintiff back to the precinct. That's been an investigation that we've had to take on that plaintiff has

Now we -- again, the information that our defense was already well known during discovery. Plaintiff's counsel

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had a chance to ask all of the witnesses they deposed did you
observe the plaintiff punching and kicking the wall at the
precinct. Did you hear anyone telling you that the plaintiff
self-inflicting her injuries? They had that opportunity to
ask those questions. They did ask those questions of certain
officers. Yes, Lieutenant Cammy is a relevant witness.
Lieutenant Cammy is being disclosed now but discovery is still
       The statute of limitations has not expired. Lieutenant
Cammy --
          THE COURT:
                     Well, 19 days.
          MR. THADANI: -- can be --
          THE COURT:
                      19 days. We got 19 days.
          MR. THADANI: Well, what would the --
                     Why is that not prejudicial?
          THE COURT:
          MR. THADANI: But, Your Honor, the plaintiff hasn't
indicated what sort of claim would be filed against Lieutenant
        They've identified the officers that they claim allege
the -- injured the plaintiff at the precinct.
          THE COURT: Maybe it's because they have several
thousand pages of a report to digest and review before they
can simply amend their complaint and raise claims against the
City's officers. You would move against them for Rule 11
sanctions if they didn't do sufficient investigation before
amending their complaint and naming new officers. So again I
-- you know, I just can't believe you're really making this
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27 argument. 1 2 MR. THADANI: Your Honor, understanding that there are thousands of pages in the -- in that booklet, again, with 3 respect to the prisoner injured in custody it's six pages. 4 And yes, there's relevant information there, but it's relevant 5 to our defenses. Plaintiff's I imagine would certainly 6 7 dispute that any of that happened, that the plaintiff self-inflicted injuries, that Lieutenant Cammy made any 8 observations, that Officer Ryan made any observations. 10 contention I imagine still will continue to be that the two defendant officers in this case assaulted her at the precinct. 11 12 Our contention is different obviously. But again the documents that were produced are supportive of our defenses, 13 14 not -- it's not related to plaintiff's claims per se because 15 again it supports a defense that was well known during the course of this litigation. The remaining pages in that 16 17 booklet are --THE COURT: What about your own concession that 18 19 witnesses have lost their memory about some of this stuff, 20 that when questioned they couldn't remember details? How is 21 that not prejudice? Isn't that the quintessential definition

of prejudice as a result of delay?

MR. THADANI: We did not make any representations that witnesses did not -- I don't know where that's coming from exactly.

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                          I thought -- well, maybe the plaintiff's
              THE COURT:
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    made --
              MR. THADANI: But irrespective --
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              THE COURT: I apologize.
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              MR. THADANI: But irrespective of that --
                          The plaintiffs may have made that but --
              THE COURT:
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                            I believe the conversation we had was
              MR. THADANI:
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    relating to escort officers at the hospital after the
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   plaintiff had already been injured and being seen by doctors
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    that they didn't remember basically sitting at the hospital
    and waiting for her to be checked by doctors. With respect to
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    Lieutenant Cammy and Officer Ryan we never made any indication
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    that they did not remember what happened or they didn't have
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    any recollection. But again, even as I mentioned in our
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    opposition letter, to the extent they do have a lack of memory
    of what happened that goes to the credibility of the defense
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    we're trying to present not to plaintiff's claim which is that
    two different officers assaulted the plaintiff at the
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19
    precinct.
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              MR. HARVIS: May we be heard, Your Honor?
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              THE COURT:
                          Yeah, I mean I gather there's no
22
    prejudice.
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              MR. HARVIS: Right, yeah.
                                         No, we're fine.
                                                           No.
                                                                No.
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    Well, I just want to -- just to take these in order.
                                                           The --
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    we were provided with photographs of an unknown vintage while
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-- with all of the officers on a green screen having no ID, completely absolved of any context, and at which point we were focused on, indeed, identifying these two individuals. We have never -- now that the case has expanded and we've received a variety of highly relevant disclosures -- including, for example, an audio recording of plaintiff's person who she lived with at the time, Danny Rivera [Ph.] who described hearing her scream and observing her request for medical attention being denied -- the case has expanded in terms of its scope.

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And we are -- and we believe that we're entitled to be where we would have been at the beginning of the case which is having known about this investigation, understanding what the defenses were, exploring the witnesses through that discovery, allowing Cammy and Ryan to be the first witnesses or among the first witnesses who were deposed, presenting them and examining them about this evidence, perhaps when Lieutenant -- excuse me, Captain Hanrahan was still alive, he could still answer questions. He -- Captain Hanrahan is the exceedingly important witness in this case because he is the person who actually allegedly, six days before the whole thing happened, interviewed Ryan and Cammy and took certain statements. There's no record of those interviews that's been provided to us. There's no recording of them. So we just have a memorialization that's unsigned of a dead man.

what we now have to go on because the City decided to make their disclosures in this fashion. And I think I'll step down.

MR. THADANI: Your Honor, first of all, with respect to Captain Hanrahan, I don't have the precise date but he passed away shortly after the complaint was filed. This is not an issue of well if we have disclosed it earlier Captain Hanrahan could have been deposed. That -- within the time frame of this litigation that was not something that was a realistic possibility. Of course it's unfortunate that he passed away. We would certainly like to have him as a witness as somebody who, according to the documents, interviewed the plaintiff specifically about her injuries and the plaintiff specifically informed him that she was not alleging any wrongdoing by members of service which is obviously completely contrary to the allegations the plaintiff is making in this case against the two defendants in this case.

Again, with respect to this information, we did not, you know, intentionally withhold this information. It's documents that support our defense in this case. We have no benefit in withholding the documents or withholding this witness. If anything it would have made clearer to plaintiff early on in this case that their case had little merit, not that, well, there's this cryptic note in this medical record and we have no corroborative evidence of it.

Now we have evidence that corroborates that a contemporaneous audio recording but a lieutenant at the precinct who indicated shortly after the incident that the plaintiff injured herself, what her injuries were, and what happened. Before we just had this medical record identifying an officer. We have no reason to withhold officers that support our defense. It just turns out that because Officer Ryan wasn't thoroughly interviewed until he was noticed for a deposition we did not learn about the investigation.

Obviously during the course of discovery we have a duty to supplement our discovery responses and supplement our initial disclosures and that's what we did. The documents that were produced weren't related to any order in the case. There wasn't ever an order in this case as far as I'm aware that related to identifying any individual who observed the plaintiff injure herself or relating to investigatory files. The prior orders in the case involved identifying the defendants in this case, which was done, and then requesting specifically delineated documents.

THE COURT: But I'm sorry. Let me just back up for a second. If Lieutenant Cammy is the one who observed her smashing her fist into the wall, as you allege, why was he not named then as a person with information such that they could figure out maybe he's the defendant in the case? So when you say they -- the orders didn't relate to any of that, I don't

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    -- I don't really quite follow that.
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              MR. THADANI: Again, Your Honor, early -- again, we
   produced photograph because we weren't able -- the orders
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    related to who were the officers that allegedly interrogated
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    the plaintiff. Our contention was that the plaintiff wasn't
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    interrogated at all. Then there was orders with respect to
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   providing photographs of all of the officers who were at the
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    precinct during the time that the plaintiff was there so the
   plaintiff could identify which officers fit the description of
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    the officers she claimed injured her.
              The plaintiff was provided those photographs,
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    identified the two defendants. Lieutenant Cammy, among
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    others, was also in -- among those photographs, was not
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    identified by the plaintiff. So to say that Lieutenant
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    Cammy's a potential defendant in the sense that he may have
    been one of the officers that assaulted the plaintiff would be
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    -- would mean that the plaintiff then misidentified --
    purposely misidentified defendants in a photo array first of
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         Second of all, we disclosed --
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              THE COURT: Her -- wait a minute.
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              MR. THADANI: -- Lieutenant Cammy, we --
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              THE COURT: Hold it. Why would she purposely
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    misidentify Lieutenant Cammy?
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              MR. THADANI: No, Your Honor, what I -- what I'm --
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              THE COURT: Explain that logic to me.
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MR. THADANI: What my point is that Lieutenant
Cammy, his photograph appeared among the photographs that were
produced to plaintiff. She did not identify Lieutenant Cammy
as a defendant or somebody who assaulted her at the precinct
or even as someone she had an interaction with at the
precinct. And then with respect to disclosing Lieutenant
Cammy we disclosed of him in our recent disclosures because
that's when we learned of his -- the fact that he specifically
had an interaction with plaintiff and then he made specific
observations. We disclosed that information as soon as we
learned of that information.

THE COURT: Two weeks ago.

MR. THADANI: It was two weeks -- it was roughly two weeks ago. Again, on December 1st when we first went to the opposition letter we submitted to the Court there was a discussion between myself and plaintiff's counsel about outstanding depositions. One of the depositions they wanted to schedule was Officer Ryan's. On December 1st I spoke with Officer Ryan to confirm the dates that we had agreed on to schedule his deposition to confirm that we could go ahead on those dates. I spoke with him. I had a discussion with him. He had detailed to me that he recalled speaking to IAB in connection with the plaintiff's arrest.

I wasn't expecting an investigation into a prisoner injured in custody. But based on that information I looked up

his IAB officer resume. He was going to be coming in to be deposed and to prep for deposition that was already scheduled. And upon doing that that's when I learned and we learned that there were three investigations that were done. We got the files. We produced the files. All of that happened in the course of less than three weeks to, one, learn about the investigation occurring and then get the documents, review the documents, and produce the documents to plaintiff including the recordings that were produced, including the disposition form that was produced. We just didn't learn of that information beforehand.

And again we had no reason or incentive to withhold the information. We didn't wait until the expiration of the statute of limitations if that even matters in the sense that again the plaintiff is -- are -- has already identified the two officer defendants she alleges assaulted her in the case. And again we -- that is -- it is -- Lieutenant Cammy is one of the key witnesses for our defense, supportive of our defense. We have -- we're -- it's not -- we have no incentive or any reason to have withheld his identity for any reason. It's just that we -- when we finally learned of his identity, when we finally learned of his involvement in the case, when we finally obtained the IAB documentation we produced it to plaintiff which is according to our duties and our responsibilities to supplement our discovery responses and our

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    initial disclosures during the scope of discovery.
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              THE COURT: Let me just make this comment to Ms.
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    O'Flynn as a supervisor in the officer.
              MS. O'FLYNN: Yes, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT:
                          This case --
              MS. O'FLYNN: Yes.
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              THE COURT: -- has given me extreme pause as to
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    whether or not this kind of lack of diligence maybe is the
   polite way to put it occurs in every single case before me
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    because I am appalled. I hear the arguments. Frankly, I
    don't buy them. But honestly there has to be a change, and
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    you need to go back to your office and explain to them that
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    the Court is not happy about any of this. I have spent more
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    time on this case issuing order after order after order and
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    this is no reflection on you, Counsel, because you just came
    into the case and hasn't been as familiar with it as I am.
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    But I shouldn't have to do this. It is your responsibility as
    the Corporation Counsel for the City of New York to make sure
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    that discovery obligations are fulfilled in the manner as
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    required by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and that
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    there isn't this kind of last minute, oh, my God, we just
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    discovered it because whatever reason.
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              MS. O'FLYNN: Absolutely, Your Honor, and I'm happy
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    to bring that message back. And I completely understand where
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    the Court is coming from. I think, you know, in a perfect
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world this case would have started off differently, and unfortunately we've been sort of -- been chasing the entire time of this case.

I will note respectfully that to the extent the Court has had to issue many orders many of those orders were in response to orders to compel that respectfully were submitted in a way that appeared like counsel was trying to burden our assistant corporation counsel to the point -- I'll give an example, Your Honor. Going through the docket it's quite clear what was ordered at various conferences. Without fail, knee-jerk reaction not before the deadlines had expired there were motions to compel additional documents. So we had our attorney trying to comply with the court order and then a motion to compel on another set of documents.

For example, there was the court order -- the first motion to compel was filed in July of 2016, Docket 14. On June 28th there had been a conference and we were given 30 days, which would have been until July 27th, to quote, "identify the officers who interrogated plaintiff, " and if no officers were found then a photo array was going to potentially happen. A week later, July 6th, was the first order to compel wherein counsel filed an application claiming they needed labeled photographs of all the officers with respect to discovery requests. So that's a different track now with respect to photo array. Mr. Johnson was in the

process of identifying who had interrogated plaintiff and in the process of compiling photographs for this array. So that's the first order to compel.

In August there's a second motion to compel, and that followed our production of what we learned to be the CCRB file with additional records. And Mr. Johnson indicated that he had in fact confirmed who the interrogating officer was, that photos of all of the people involved in the search warrant and the arrest were in the CCRB. Ms. Fett and her client were going to go through those records to see if they could narrow down where we were going. That's the second motion to compel.

I will note that on each of the motions to compel, we did file a response on the docket where we laid out everything we did. Now when a million things are being requested and emails are coming with additional requests things do get lost in the mix, but all along we were diligently trying to figure out who the unknown officer that assaulted. I think a big issue in this case, Your Honor, is our very different views of what happened. So we've always understood that plaintiff injured herself. They've alleged that these unknown officers assaulted her. The officers that they identified we believe did not do any such thing. We believe all along it was this self-inflicted injury. To the extent she may not have picked Lieutenant Cammy out of the

photo array it may have been perhaps because he was the one who stopped her from injuring herself further. We don't know.

Needless to say I think all of us would have liked this case to have been handled differently but I think the motions to compel were filed in a very aggressive manner in this case, and I will note that Mr. Johnson is not the only attorney in our office who has been subjected to this kind of litigation tactics but the plaintiff's firm. And I think it's something that our office -- it does not go unnoticed, and because they previously worked with us I think they know which buttons to push. I think they know what voluminous things they can ask us to request.

By way of another example, on one of the requests for a motion to compel they attached 13 items that they had emailed Mr. Johnson less than two weeks prior, and the Court's endorsed that as produce all these records. So there were multiple avenues where Mr. Johnson was trying to track down records, produce things, and the docket does reflect that we did respond with the steps we had taken. I -- of course all of us would have liked to have known this information earlier without a doubt, Your Honor. But to the extent they claim they were prejudiced we have also been prejudiced by having to -- you know, it's been a wild goose chase for us, for the Court.

And to the extent anybody could have given us a

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little bit of a clue that they spoke to somebody at CCRB, that
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    they spoke to somebody at IAB, I think our focus in terms of
    where to find information would have been directed in a more
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    directed way. That being said I think, you know, within the
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    past unfortunately we can't change, but I do assure the Court
    that we do take these obligations extremely seriously. And as
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    the Court knows we settle cases where we think there's merit.
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    Unfortunately, when a case is marked no pay our experience
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    with this firm in particular has been that they go -- they go
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    just to such extremes to put our attorneys under such pressure
    that I will tell you that several attorneys have been brought
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    to tears by them by the type of aggressive behavior they've
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    used in terms of phone calls and the like.
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              So I just think here is where we are. We now have
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    the information that all of us would have preferred much prior
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            But to the extent our office has been trying
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    diligently, Your Honor, I assure you we have been working
    hard. And the fact that counsel has been changed on this case
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    I think represented our office does take this seriously.
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    We're trying to get to the bottom of this, and we apologize
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    for the Court's time that's been taken. But I do think that
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    it's a two-way road at this point.
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              MR. HARVIS: May I just briefly be heard, Your
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    Honor?
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              THE COURT:
                          Sure.
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MR. HARVIS: So I think that it is the diligence of Ms. Fett and myself that is the only reason why there was ever any discovery that were received in this case. I think that if the defendants were left to their own devices or perhaps a less diligent firm were handling the prosecution of the case it would have been exactly -- it would have been a [inaudible] response with no investigation. It would have been an initial conference and an order from the Court with no investigation. It would have been just multiple repeated orders from the Court to specifically identify the officers that literally were defied completely no action taken whatsoever. And so to suggest that it is our diligence -- and as I was saying to Ms. Fett on the way over here, there is -- if it were not for us having taken such an affirmative attempt to get this material Ms. Martinez would have -- they would have succeeded in keeping Ms. Martinez from being able to timely assert her claims, and she would have been victimized yet again. And to just speak to the merits of this amazing defense that warrants a no pay position, I first of all want to note that the decision about this case was made in a

And to just speak to the merits of this amazing defense that warrants a no pay position, I first of all want to note that the decision about this case was made in a complete vacuum by them. They had no idea what the actual case was about, what their defense was, who the witnesses were. They just made that in a most unprincipled way possible, and frankly the plaintiff is very seriously injured. And every single credible data point in this case proves that

they have absolutely no legitimate defense to it.

Just looking for one second at this Hanrahan file, we have Lieutenant Cammy nine hours after the plaintiff was injured, when he should have called it in immediately. Only after it's determined that she's been hurt does she -- does he place the call. He specifically says that she's hurt in the juvenile processing room which is on one side of the precinct. And then lo and behold when Hanrahan interviews him six days earlier he's saying that it happened in the arrest processing cell which is on the other side of the precinct. So the idea that this is some kind of proof that plaintiff didn't -- it's opposite. This is a -- the weakest defense you could imagine.

And I just want to add Ryan was not the only person who had this information. There were almost a dozen GO15s of different officers in connection with this investigation, specifically DiGenero who was -- who they're describing as this intelligence officer who knew everything, he knew he had been GO15'ed twice. He knew he had been substantiated in these allegations. He's coming in for a deposition and there apparently wasn't even a discussion with him about have you ever been investigated about this, did you ever give any testimony about this, any of those basic due diligence things that you think someone would do. So the idea that somehow Ryan is the -- you can point to him and say, you know, he didn't -- we didn't speak to him is -- the entire leadership

of the 107th Precinct knew about this.

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I also want to note it is not the standard for the imposition of sanctions whether or not it was helpful to them to withhold it. That isn't the part of the inquiry. inquiry was about whether the plaintiff was prejudiced and whether the obligations were unfulfilled. And we believe that not only the inherent affirmative obligations of the Government attorneys but the affirmative obligation both by the [inaudible] order and like the five or six other orders that relate to the officer identities all impose additional layers of burden here none of which were met. And frankly the most problematic part is the failure to take responsibility for it. And what I see is this continuing effort to -somehow because we are aggressive -- I'm so glad that we're I'm glad that that happened, and I just -- I hope aggressive. that every other plaintiff's counsel is so aggressive because it seems like the only way to get anything from the City of New York.

MS. O'FLYNN: I respectfully disagree. With respect to how we decide our settlement position, early on it was clear that it appeared plaintiff injured herself. She was arrested for a search warrant that would be -- recovered over 200 [inaudible] of heroin. This was not a case that we valued early as being a case that we thought we needed to put a substantial amount of money on if the injuries are self-

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    inflicted.
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              With respect to the orders in this court to
    identify, the Valentin asked us to identify officers involved
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    in the arrest. We did that. The order --
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              MR. HARVIS: No, you didn't. No, you didn't.
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              MS. O'FLYNN: The officers involved in the arrest?
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              MR. HARVIS: No, you identified Zac Raymond [Ph.],
    and he was not involved in the arrest. He was [inaudible].
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              MS. O'FLYNN: And we asked you to give more
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    identification so we could try to identify the others.
              MR. HARVIS: I won't speak directly to counsel. I
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    apologize.
              MS. O'FLYNN:
                            That is what the letter said.
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    next order told us to identify the officer who interrogated
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    plaintiff which we did. We were then told to investigate
    officers who matched the description which we did.
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    provided the photos and plaintiff picked out two officers.
    Cammy was in the photos, and she did not pick out him.
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    has been a belabored process, but I respectfully take offense
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    to the fact that you would think that this is the right to
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    litigate a case.
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              MR. JOHNSON: I think just if I may here Your
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    Honor --
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              THE COURT:
                         I'm sorry. She's been standing here for
25
    a minute. I'll give you a chance, Mr. Johnson.
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44 Go ahead. 1 2 MS. FETT: I just wanted to note for the Court that initially when defendants made their disclosures on December 3 4 18th they didn't even produce the entire investigative file to And in fact it was Mr. Harvis that had to ask -- right, 5 it was four pages out of those 1,000 pages that you have. And 6 7 defendant -- I'm sorry. And Mr. Harvis --8 THE COURT: I'm sorry. I'm sorry. Say that again, 9 the documents that I -- that I picked up a minute ago, this 10 whole file, you're saying you got four pages? MR. HARVIS: Exhibit 25, Your Honor. 11 12 MS. FETT: We initially got Exhibit 25 and Mr. Harvis asked defense counsel there's got to be more because 13 14 there's Worksheet 26 and Worksheet 27, so where is the rest? 15 And defense counsel specifically said he has to go back to his supervisors. He doesn't know if they're going to turn it 16 17 over. And it wasn't until we pressed them that we got the 18 entire file. 19 The second thing I just wanted to add, Your Honor,

The second thing I just wanted to add, Your Honor, is that I know defendants keep saying that of course they would have wanted to disclose it because it was good for them, and I know Mr. Harvis addressed it. But the file actually is not good for them. You have Officer Ryan going back and forth saying he saw her, he didn't see her. So I know that's not the test whether or not that's good for them, but that's a

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    failing argument anyway because it's not good for them.
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    That's all, Your Honor, thank you.
              MR. THADANI: Your Honor, just to -- just to add
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    some color to what plaintiff's point was --
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              THE COURT: I said Mr. Johnson could speak.
              MR. THADANI: My apologies, Your Honor. Yes, of
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    course.
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              THE COURT:
                          I mean you guys can fight among
 9
    yourselves.
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              MR. THADANI: Okay.
              THE COURT: But I did tell him he could speak next.
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              MR. JOHNSON: Just to provide some context on why
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    this file wasn't found earlier. The first thing we were
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    looking for and the suggestion of plaintiff's counsel, was
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    that UF-49 I think that was called, the unusual incident
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    report? And something like that would be filed if something
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    happened at the precinct, so we were looking for that. And
    that never materialized. Another place which plaintiff's
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    counsel also suggested was that look at the Command Log. If
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    there was some sort of injury that happened at the precinct it
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    would be noted on the Command Log. So when I looked at those
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    avenues and didn't find either of those things that was one
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    indication that maybe that was -- that -- there was nothing
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    else there.
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              The fact that I did not have more information from
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46 Officer Ryan is that I had -- you know, we were -- we moved on 1 2 to trying to identify the defendants and that took a very long time. And then from there we were producing the disciplinary 3 records of the defendants. And by the time we got back to the 4 idea of Officer Ryan a lot of time had passed. And, you know, 5 to the extent if we had better information this would have 6 come up earlier because, you know, if there was a UF-49 that 7 would have been -- that would have shown up very easily in our 8 records and then that would have alerted us to the fact that 10 there was more information to be had. There was a notation in the Command Log that, you know, there's some sort of injury in 11 12 the precinct then that would have, you know, [inaudible] us to Lieutenant Cammy earlier. 13 We -- to the extent that we did find the file, it is 14 15 -- you know, it is -- it is a perk of where the databases 16 were. We found the CCRB file I think somebody mentioned that 17 the CCRB file was in Danny Rivera's name, and so that's how we found the CCRB file. A lot of these things were just not 18 19 under the right names and weren't able to find unless -- you 20 know, we talked to a lot of people in this case. We talked to 21 a lot of officers in this case. 22 You know, the fact that we didn't return to Officer 23 Ryan again, you know, in a perfect world we should have done 24 that, but there were dozens of officers that we were talking

to. We talked to people at Queens Central Brooking, for

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example, because at Queens Central Booking that's when she's first sent to the hospital. So our focus entirely then was that it must have been somebody at Queens Central Booking who told, you know, the hospital that she might have injured herself. In fact, a theory that we had was that if she was banging her hands against the wall this happened at Queens Central Booking and that's why she was sent from Queens Central Booking back to the hospital.

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So that, you know, the fact that we couldn't find this file at the -- you know, at the time during all these investigations is because, you know, we had some assumptions about this case. For example, that maybe if she did injure herself it happened at Queens Central Booking. There were names of officers who were there at Queens Central Booking who noted her injuries on the prisoner report. For example, the Queens Central Booking guy, I think it was Lieutenant -- or Sergeant Seeman [Ph.] who signed the prisoner interview record, so that made us think that he was the one who maybe had that information. And then maybe there was another person at Queens Central Booking who also dealt with her that we thought maybe he said that. So it wasn't the fact that, you know, we should have known by Lieutenant Cammy. We should have in a perfect world, but the evidence that we had gotten at that time led us to believe that a -- self-inflicted wounds, that if they exist, it happened at Queens Central

Booking so we spent a lot of time doing that.

And then once that didn't add up we went to the escort officers because we're like well, if the escort officers -- if somebody needs taken to the hospital it'd be the escort officers. So we interviewed the escort officers. And we [inaudible] they did escort them, and -- but they had no recollection of whether or not they even had said that to Queens Central -- to the hospital. So we didn't really know whether or not any statements were made by those escort officers to -- excuse me, to the hospital. They also didn't have a recollection or -- of, you know, anyone calling into IAB that was asked during the deposition.

So I mean, you know, it wasn't, like, a nefarious thing to cover it up. It's just that we went on the wrong track because we thought hospital note suggested that whatever happened in self-inflicted wounds happened at Queens Central Booking. And we spent a lot of energy and time looking at that because in a perfect world if she had been injured at the precinct she should have been taken to the hospital from the precinct and that would have led us to believe that somebody in the precinct called the hospital or told the hospital. So we had a lot of different avenues and, you know, and to try --

THE COURT: So there are a lot of things in this perfect world that didn't happen.

MR. JOHNSON: Well --

THE COURT: She didn't -- she didn't get taken for medical attention which we now know she should have because it appears from the new records that she was injured in the precinct whether self-inflicted or otherwise. There's no unusual incident report which should have been prepared if she was in fact injured in the precinct. And there's no reference in the Command Log. So the perfect world here seems to have fallen apart in many, many instances, and while that may not be your fault, Mr. Johnson, it certainly is not a good thing for the New York City Police Department.

So I said he could speak and then, Mr. Harvis, I'll give you a chance.

MR. HARVIS: Okay.

MR. THADANI: Your Honor, just two points. One just to address plaintiff counsel's contentions about the documents in the booklet with respect to the underlying investigation. On December 18, 2017, Your Honor ordered us pursuant to -- there was a joint letter that was submitted to the Court, number of discovery, outstanding discovery issues, that plaintiff, that defendants indicated as well. Your Honor ordered the defendants to produce all of the outstanding documents that plaintiff requested by the 18th. We did that. In addition to that we produced these investigative files. What we did produce was all the documents we had in our possession concerning the prisoner injured in custody, the

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self-inflicting injury incident, and we produced excerpts initially of the file pertaining to the missing property because our contention is that again plaintiff's claims in this case do not relate to missing property or stolen property.

What we did produce, and it was indicated in our production letter, was we were producing relevant excerpts of the file which did not involve any of the defendants as subject officers but rather what we did produce was a worksheet and audio recordings pertaining to interview of Hector Rivera who was the individual -- I may be getting the name wrong -- Danny Rivera who was the individual who was arrested along with plaintiff as well as the plaintiff because both of those individuals referenced -- in passing but did reference -- plaintiff's allegations concerning being injured at the 107 Precinct, so we produced those documents. Plaintiff's counsel then after having had a chance to review our disclosures had a discussion with me about producing the remainder of the file. It wasn't like a secret that I only produced excerpts because literally the production letter stated we produced excerpts of the file. Then I had -- we had a discussion internally about producing the remainder of the file, and we decided that -- to do that in which we did within I think two days.

I think one other thing that, you know, I'd like to

just mention is yes, I think we all agree that things could 1 2 have been done differently. It's unfortunate that these documents are being produced now. Ideally, they would have 3 been produced earlier. But I think also what's being lost is 4 the fact that the -- there are issues -- not blame but there 5 are issues on both sides of the table here. The plaintiff's 6 attorney -- and they haven't even tried to address in the 7 8 reply or today why in their discovery response that they specifically state the plaintiff never made any complaints to 10 IAB, why there wasn't any discussion about that, why there wasn't an identification of Cammy in the photo array. 11 12 THE COURT: Well, did she file a formal complaint 13 with IAB? MR. THADANI: She called in and made a complaint to 14 15 IAB regarding missing property. She was -- she called CCRB 16 and tried to make a missing property complaint to them, too, 17 and they kicked her to IAB. She was interviewed by IAB. received a letter which we attached as an exhibit to our 18 19 opposition that indicated we have received your complaint 20 about missing property, we have resolved your complaint, and 21 it indicated that the complaint was closed and what the 22 results of those complaints were and to call somebody at IAB 23 if she had any questions or wanted to discuss the 24 investigation further. That was never disclosed. 25 THE COURT: But I quess I don't really understand

because your position all along, at least this afternoon, has been that her complaint about the missing money has nothing whatsoever to do with the claim of injury and therefore if it wasn't relevant, you didn't think it was relevant, why should they think it was relevant?

MR. THADANI: That's fair, Your Honor, but the response in the discovery responses weren't that there were no relevant investigations or no relevant complaints made. They made a specific representation in the sworn discovery response that there were no investigations, no complaints made by the plaintiff. They never supplemented that response to change -- to change that response. They never produced the letter that they received with respect to the IAB investigation.

That's true that we contend that the investigation is moot but plaintiff's contention here as a result of these GO15s of these other officers and there was this whole full-blown investigation, again, none of this has to do with plaintiff's claims with regarding being injured because whenever she was asked by CCRB or by IAB about these injuries she said I have a lawyer, I don't want to talk about it, I don't want to tell you about it. IAB and CCRB are telling her, well, we investigate those claims, too, are you sure? We'd like to investigate this too. No, I don't really want to talk about it. Let me talk to my lawyer first. I'll get back to you, and she never did. So the investigations related to

53 missing property. But again, the plaintiff did make a 1 2 specific disclosure and representation in this that she didn't make any complaints. 3 THE COURT: About this incident. Okay. About the 4 5 injuries. Okay. 6 Mr. Harvis. 7 MR. HARVIS: Very briefly, Your Honor. I don't want take a lot of the Court's time. I just want to say, you know, 8 9 we're not conspiracy theorists. We don't think any kind of 10 far-ranging thing, but, you know, oftentimes the most simple explanation is the correct one. Here Your Honor just detailed 11 12 the absence of any of the appropriate notifications in the 13 record, and while counsel may have acted in some semblance of 14 good faith in attempting to locate the stuff if -- even if it 15 was the NYPD who buried it by not doing the right forms and mislabeling the numbers and everything else they are still 16 17 subject to this Court's power to hold them accountable and 18 they cannot be shielded from that by having their attorneys not know what's going on and not disclosing this. And Ryan in 19 20 particular in addition to DiGenero who was deposed, they never 21 said anything about these investigations and we believe they 22 have a duty to disclose it especially given the Court's orders. And the last thing that I want to mention --23 24 THE COURT: Were they asked if they were interviewed 25 by IAB about this?

54 MR. HARVIS: Well, Ryan was not -- was never 1 2 deposed. 3 THE COURT: No, no, no. DiGenero. MR. HARVIS: DiGenero, I don't think we asked him 4 5 that specific question, so I don't think that question was asked. But again, you know, we have no way of knowing --6 sure, Ms. Martinez knew she had that single conversation about 7 missing property, but she didn't know that behind that was an 8 entire universe of GO15s and hearings and investigations and 10 investigative pathways that would have led to the disclosure of all this relevant information. So, you know, all -- we had 11 12 no idea to even ask about that because we had -- we were told 13 affirmatively in repeated discovery responses that there was 14 no investigation. So how could we then -- how were we to 15 divine that that existed so we could then ask him about it? 16 That goes to what we were missing at -- from the beginning of 17 the -- of the discovery period. And the last thing I want to say is we still don't 18 19 know who told the hospital staff that she was punching the 20 wall. And in fact when we finally got all the disclosure that 21 document that or a series of memo books of people who are --22 now that we've learned are allegedly the police officers that 23 were -- that were involved in taking her back and forth and 24 then we showed defense counsel the other day in that memo book 25 right at the moment in time corresponding almost perfectly to

when that notation was made in the record is the scratch of a sergeant at the hospital who's scratching the memo book of one of these officers in between when the officer arrives at the hospital and when the -- for the 107th Precinct. So that sergeant is there. We don't know who that is, and, you know, it just goes to the drips and drabs and, you know, we never have everything. And even at this late stage we have no idea and they do. And we [inaudible].

THE COURT: I have one question before we complete this proceeding and that is plaintiff's counsel has asked as a sanction that the Court toll the statute of limitations. And my question to you is because Officer Ryan -- if you're an officer -- is not named as a defendant can you toll the statute of limitations with respect to him even though he's not really a party at this point and you don't actually represent him?

MS. O'FLYNN: I believe, Your Honor, because the statute has not passed yet I believe an order from the Court could extend the -- you know, the deadline in our case to give them more time to amend. I think we'd be in a different position if the statute had passed. So we would not oppose an enlargement of the time to amend the complaint.

THE COURT: Can you submit a letter by the end of the day with -- just I don't need a long involved thing -- just case citations supporting that because I don't want to

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    issue an order that would later be challenged and by Officer
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    Ryan who might go out and get his own attorney.
              MS. O'FLYNN:
                            This is true.
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              THE COURT: And they would be out of luck. So --
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              MS. O'FLYNN: Be happy to do that, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: If you -- if you wouldn't mind.
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              MR. HARVIS: And, Your Honor, just -- sorry, for
    clarity of the record I just wanted to note I mean we believe
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    that there are a number of additional defendants who may be
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    added to the case. So I just want to be clear we are not only
    contemplating Ryan [inaudible].
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              THE COURT: I understand but the other officers are
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    in the same position --
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              MR. HARVIS: Exactly.
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              THE COURT: -- I assume as Officer Ryan. They're
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    not currently defendants. They're not currently represented
    by corporation counsel, so if counsel -- corporation counsel
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    doesn't have the authority to waive for Officer Ryan I'm
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    assuming they don't have the authority to waive for the -- for
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    the others, and I reiterate the reason for the authority is I
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    want to --
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              MS. O'FLYNN: Absolutely, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: -- I make sure that my order is not going
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    to be a problem down the line.
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              MS. O'FLYNN: Absolutely.
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              MR. HARVIS: Thank you, Your Honor.
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              MS. O'FLYNN: I believe this came up in another case
    so I think there is a case to back me up. So --
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              THE COURT: Okay. Well, that would be very helpful.
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   All right. Anything else anybody wants to add?
              MR. HARVIS: Not from plaintiff, Your Honor.
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              MS. O'FLYNN: We appreciate your time, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
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              MS. FETT: Thank you, Your Honor.
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    (Proceedings concluded at 3:43 p.m.)
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I certify that the foregoing is a court transcript from an electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter. Shari Riemer, CET-805 Dated: January 3, 2018